

# **ENGROSSED SENATE BILL No. 192**

DIGEST OF SB 192 (Updated February 28, 2007 1:35 pm - DI 109)

Citations Affected: IC 5-2; IC 5-10; IC 20-25; IC 20-26; IC 20-34; noncode.

**Synopsis:** School safety. Requires school corporations to abate certain school building safety violations that are not immediate safety hazards before the earlier of: (1) one year after the state fire marshal's determination; or (2) the start of the school corporation's next budget year. Requires at least one: (1) tornado preparedness drill; and (2) manmade occurrence disaster drill; during each semester of school. Provides that the governing body of a school corporation (including a school city) may establish a school corporation police department staffed by police officers who have general police powers. Provides that the governing body of a school corporation in collaboration with (Continued next page)

Effective: July 1, 2007.

## Lubbers, Kruse, Alting, Wyss

(HOUSE SPONSORS — PORTER, BEHNING)

January 8, 2007, read first time and referred to Committee on Education and Career Development.

January 18, 2007, reported favorably — Do Pass.
January 23, 2007, read second time, amended, ordered engrossed.
January 24, 2007, engrossed.
January 25, 2007, read third time, passed. Yeas 48, nays 0.

HOUSE ACTION

February 26, 2007, read first time and referred to Committee on Education. February 28, 2007, amended, reported — Do Pass.











## Digest Continued

local law enforcement shall establish the powers of the school corporation police officers. Provides that school corporation police officers' survivors are eligible for death benefits. Requires school corporation police officers to have law enforcement academy education and pre-basic and basic training and to participate in local continuing education programs. Requires a school corporation police officer who was appointed before July 1, 2007, to complete the law enforcement academy education and basic training requirements not later than July 1, 2010. Imposes deadlines for school corporation police officers to begin law enforcement academy education and basic training requirements. Provides that a school corporation police department established before July 1, 2007, is considered a school corporation police department established under this legislation.





#### First Regular Session 115th General Assembly (2007)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2006 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

# ENGROSSED SENATE BILL No. 192

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning education.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 5-2-8-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
2	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 1. (a) As used The following
3	definitions apply in this section:
4	(1) "Abuse" means:
5	(A) conduct that causes bodily injury (as defined in

- (A) conduct that causes bodily injury (as defined in IC 35-41-1-4) or damage to property; or
- (B) a threat of conduct that would cause bodily injury (as defined in IC 35-41-1-4) or damage to property.
- (2) "County law enforcement agency" includes:
  - (A) university police officers appointed under IC 20-12-3.5; and
  - (B) school corporation police officers appointed under IC 20-26-16.
- (b) There is established in each county a county law enforcement continuing education program. The program is funded by amounts appropriated under IC 33-37-8-6.
  - (c) A county law enforcement agency receiving amounts based upon

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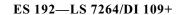






1	claims for law enforcement continuing education funds under								
2	IC 33-37-8-4 or IC 33-37-8-6 shall deposit each fee collected into the								
3	county law enforcement continuing education fund.								
4	(d) Distribution of money in the county law enforcement continuing								
5	education fund shall be made to a county law enforcement agency								
6	without the necessity of first obtaining an appropriation from the								
7	county fiscal body.								
8	(e) Money in excess of one hundred dollars (\$100) that is								
9	unencumbered and remains in a county law enforcement continuing								
10	education fund for at least one (1) entire calendar year from the date of								
11	its deposit shall, at the end of a county's fiscal year, be deposited by the								
12	county auditor in the law enforcement training fund established under								
13	IC 5-2-1-13(b).								
14	(f) To make a claim under IC 33-37-8-6, a law enforcement agency								
15	shall submit to the fiscal body a verified statement of cause numbers								
16	for fees collected that are attributable to the law enforcement efforts of								
17	that agency.								
18	(g) A law enforcement agency shall submit a claim for fees under								
19	this section in the same county fiscal year in which the fees are								
20	collected under IC 33-37-4.								
21	(h) A county law enforcement agency program shall provide to each								
22	law enforcement officer employed by the county and may provide to								
23	each law enforcement officer employed by a city or town law								
24	enforcement agency within the county continuing education concerning								
25	the following:								
26	(1) Duties of a law enforcement officer in enforcing restraining								
27	orders, protective orders, temporary injunctions, and permanent								
28	injunctions involving abuse.								
29	(2) Guidelines for making felony and misdemeanor arrests in								
30	cases involving abuse.								
31	(3) Techniques for handling incidents of abuse that:								
32	(A) minimize the likelihood of injury to the law enforcement								
33	officer; and								
34	(B) promote the safety of a victim.								
35	(4) Information about the nature and extent of abuse.								
36	(5) Information about the legal rights of and remedies available								
37	to victims of abuse.								
38	(6) How to document and collect evidence in an abuse case.								
39	(7) The legal consequences of abuse.								
40	(8) The impact on children of law enforcement intervention in								
41	abuse cases.								
42	(9) Services and facilities available to victims of abuse and								







1	abusers.
2	(10) Verification of restraining orders, protective orders,
3	temporary injunctions, and permanent injunctions.
4	(11) Policies concerning arrest or release of suspects in abuse
5	cases.
6	(12) Emergency assistance to victims of abuse and criminal
7	justice options for victims of abuse.
8	(13) Landlord-tenant concerns in abuse cases.
9	(14) The taking of an abused child into protective custody.
10	(15) Assessment of a situation in which a child may be seriously
11	endangered if the child is left in the child's home.
12	(16) Assessment of a situation involving an endangered adult (as
13	defined in IC 12-10-3-2).
14	(17) Response to a sudden, unexpected infant death.
15	(i) A county law enforcement agency may enter into an agreement
16	with other law enforcement agencies to provide the continuing
17	education required by this section and section 2(f) of this chapter.
18	SECTION 2. IC 5-2-8-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
19	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 2. (a) As used The following
20	definitions apply in this section:
21	(1) "Abuse" has the meaning set forth in section 1(a) of this
22	chapter.
23	(2) "City or town law enforcement agency" includes:
24	(A) university police officers appointed under IC 20-12-3.5;
25	and
26	(B) school corporation police officers appointed under
27	IC 20-26-16.
28	(b) There is established in each city and in each town with a city or
29	town court a local law enforcement continuing education program. The
30	program is funded by amounts appropriated under IC 33-37-8-4 and
31	fees collected under IC 9-29-4-2, IC 9-29-11-1, and IC 35-47-2-3.
32	(c) A city or town law enforcement agency receiving amounts based
33	upon claims for law enforcement continuing education funds under
34	IC 33-37-8-4 or IC 33-37-8-6 shall deposit each fee collected into the
35	local law enforcement continuing education fund.
36	(d) Distribution of money in a local law enforcement continuing
37	education fund shall be made to a city or town law enforcement agency
38	without the necessity of first obtaining an appropriation from the fiscal
39	body of the city or town.
40	(e) To make a claim under IC 33-37-8-4, a law enforcement agency
41	shall submit to the fiscal body a verified statement of cause numbers

for fees collected that are attributable to the law enforcement efforts of



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1	that agency.
2	(f) A city or town law enforcement agency shall provide to each law
3	enforcement officer employed by the city or town law enforcement
4	agency continuing education concerning the following:
5	(1) Duties of a law enforcement officer in enforcing restraining
6	orders, protective orders, temporary injunctions, and permanent
7	injunctions involving abuse.
8	(2) Guidelines for making felony and misdemeanor arrests in
9	cases involving abuse.
10	(3) Techniques for handling incidents of abuse that:
11	(A) minimize the likelihood of injury to the law enforcement
12	officer; and
13	(B) promote the safety of a victim.
14	(4) Information about the nature and extent of abuse.
15	(5) Information about the legal rights of and remedies available
16	to victims of abuse.
17	(6) How to document and collect evidence in an abuse case.
18	(7) The legal consequences of abuse.
19	(8) The impact on children of law enforcement intervention in
20	abuse cases.
21	(9) Services and facilities available to victims of abuse and
22	abusers.
23	(10) Verification of restraining orders, protective orders,
24	temporary injunctions, and permanent injunctions.
25	(11) Policies concerning arrest or release of suspects in abuse
26	cases.
27	(12) Emergency assistance to victims of abuse and criminal
28	justice options for victims of abuse.
29	(13) Landlord-tenant concerns in abuse cases.
30	(14) The taking of an abused child into protective custody.
31	(15) Assessment of a situation in which the child may be seriously
32	endangered if the child is left in the child's home.
33	(16) Assessment of a situation involving an endangered adult (as
34	defined in IC 12-10-3-2).
35	(17) Response to a sudden, unexpected infant death.
36	(g) A city or town law enforcement agency may enter into an
37	agreement with other county, city, or town law enforcement agencies
38	to provide the continuing education required by this section and section
39	1(h) of this chapter.
40	SECTION 3. IC 5-10-10-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.43-2006,
41	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
42	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "public safety officer"



1	means any of the following:	
2	(1) A state police officer.	
3	(2) A county sheriff.	
4	(3) A county police officer.	
5	(4) A correctional officer.	
6	(5) An excise police officer.	
7	(6) A county police reserve officer.	
8	(7) A city police reserve officer.	
9	(8) A conservation enforcement officer.	
10	(9) A town marshal.	
11	(10) A deputy town marshal.	
12	(11) A probation officer.	
13	(12) A state university, college, or junior college police officer	
14	appointed under IC 20-12-3.5.	
15	(13) A police officer whose employer purchases coverage under	
16	section 4.5 of this chapter.	
17	(14) An emergency medical services provider (as defined in	
18	IC 16-41-10-1) who is:	
19	(A) employed by a political subdivision (as defined in	
20	IC 36-1-2-13); and	
21	(B) not eligible for a special death benefit under IC 36-8-6-20,	
22	IC 36-8-7-26, IC 36-8-7.5-22, or IC 36-8-8-20.	
23	(15) A firefighter who is employed by the fire department of a	
24	state university.	_
25	(16) A firefighter whose employer purchases coverage under	
26	section 4.5 of this chapter.	
27	(17) A member of a consolidated law enforcement department	
28	established under IC 36-3-1-5.1.	V
29	(18) A gaming agent of the Indiana gaming commission.	
30	(19) A person who is:	
31	(A) employed by a political subdivision (as defined in	
32	IC 36-1-2-13); and	
33	(B) appointed as a special deputy under IC 36-8-10-10.6.	
34	(20) A school corporation police officer appointed under	
35	IC 20-26-16.	
36	SECTION 4. IC 20-25-4-22 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE	
37	AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY	
38	1, 2007]: Sec. 22. The governing body of a school city may establish	
39	a police department under IC 20-26-16.	
40	SECTION 5. IC 20-26-7-27.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
41	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
12	[EEEECTIVE IIII V 1 2007] Soc 27.5 (a) Notwithstanding any	



1	other law, if:
2	(1) as a result of an inspection of a school building under
3	IC 22-14-2-11 that is not an inspection to determine
4	compliance with a legal standard for accreditation, the
5	division of fire and building safety of the department of
6	homeland security determines that there is a violation of a fire
7	safety law at the school building;
3	(2) the fire safety law that the division determines has been
)	violated at the school building incorporates a standard that:
)	(A) was not a fire safety law at the time of the construction
	or renovation of the school building and is being applied
	retroactively to the building by an employee of the division
	of fire and building safety; or
	(B) previously was not applicable to the building; and
	(3) the violation is not a condition that creates an immediate
	safety hazard and is corrected under daily maintenance and
	supervision;
	the school corporation shall abate the violation before the earlier
	of one (1) year after the violation determination or the start of the
	school corporation's next budget year following the violation
	determination.
	(b) The expense of the abatement may be paid out of funds
	appropriated for such purposes in the budget year following a
	violation determination under subsection (a).
	SECTION 6. IC 20-26-16 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
	JULY 1, 2007]:
	Chapter 16. School Corporation Police Departments
	Sec. 1. This chapter applies to a school corporation, including a
	school city (as defined in IC 20-25-2-12).
	Sec. 2. The governing body of a school corporation may
	establish a school corporation police department under this
	chapter.
	Sec. 3. The governing body of a school corporation may do the
	following for the school corporation police department:
	(1) Appoint school corporation police officers.
	(2) Prescribe the duties and direct the conduct of school
	corporation police officers.
)	(3) Prescribe distinctive uniforms.
	(4) Provide emergency vehicles.
	Sec. 4. An individual appointed as a school corporation police



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officer must successfully complete at least:

1	(1) the pre-basic training course established under
2	IC 5-2-1-9(f); and
3	(2) the minimum basic training and educational requirements
4	adopted by the law enforcement training board under
5	IC 5-2-1-9 as necessary for employment as a law enforcement
6	officer.
7	Sec. 5. (a) Notwithstanding section 4 of this chapter and
8	IC 5-2-1-9, an individual appointed as a school corporation police
9	officer before July 1, 2007, must complete, not later than July 1,
10	2010, at least:
11 12	(1) the pre-basic training course established under IC 5-2-1-9(f); and
13	(2) the minimum basic training and educational requirements
14	adopted by the law enforcement training board under
15	IC 5-2-1-9 as necessary for employment as a law enforcement
16	officer.
17	(b) As set forth in IC 5-2-1-9, an individual appointed as a
18	school corporation police officer may not:
19	(1) make an arrest;
20	(2) conduct a search or a seizure of a person or property; or
21	(3) carry a firearm;
22	unless the school corporation police officer successfully completes
23	a pre-basic training course under IC 5-2-1-9(f).
24	Sec. 6. (a) A school corporation police officer appointed under
25	this chapter:
26	(1) is a law enforcement officer (as defined in IC 5-2-1-2(1));
27	(2) must take an appropriate oath of office in a form and
28	manner prescribed by the governing body;
29	(3) serves at the governing body's pleasure; and
30	(4) performs the duties that the governing body assigns.
31	(b) A school corporation police officer has general police
32	powers, including the power to arrest, without process, all persons
33	who within the view of the school corporation police officer commit
34	any offense. School corporation police officers have the same
35	common law and statutory powers, privileges, and immunities as
36	sheriffs and constables.
37	(c) A school corporation police officer may serve civil process
38 39	only to the extent authorized by the governing board. The
	governing board, in collaboration with local law enforcement, shall establish the powers of the school corporation police officer.
40	establish the powers of the school corporation police officer.

Sec. 7. A school corporation police department established before July 1, 2007, shall be considered, after June 30, 2007, a



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school	corpo	rati	on	police	depai	·tmen	t establis	shed	under	this
chapter.										
SEC	TION	7.	IC	20-34	-3-20,	AS	ADDED	BY	P.L.1-2	2005,

SECTION 7. IC 20-34-3-20, AS ADDED BY P.L.1-2005, SECTION 18, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 20. (a) The governing body of a school corporation shall require each school in the governing body's jurisdiction to conduct periodic fire drills during the school year in compliance with rules adopted under IC 4-22-2 by the state board.

- (b) Each school and attendance center shall conduct at least:
  - (1) one (1) tornado preparedness drill; and
- (2) one (1) manmade occurrence disaster drill; during each semester.

(b) (c) The governing body of a school corporation shall require each principal to file a certified statement that fire all drills have been conducted as required under this section.

SECTION 8. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007] (a) An individual appointed as a school corporation police officer before January 1, 2007, must begin the training and education required under IC 20-26-16-5, as added by this act, not later than January 1, 2008. However, an individual who is unable to begin the training and education not later than January 1, 2008, due to the existence of a waiting list for the training and education must begin the training and education as soon as possible after January 1, 2008.

- (b) An individual appointed as a school corporation police officer after December 31, 2006, and before July 1, 2007, must begin the training and education required under IC 20-26-16-5, as added by this act, not later than one (1) year after the individual's appointment. However, an individual who is unable to begin the training and education within one (1) year after the individual's appointment due to the existence of a waiting list for the training and education must begin the training and education as soon as possible after the expiration of the one (1) year period.
- (c) Notwithstanding IC 20-26-16-5, as added by this act, an individual appointed as a school corporation police officer before July 1, 2007, who is unable to complete the training and education required under IC 20-26-16-5, as added by this act, not later than July 1, 2010, due to the existence of a waiting list for the training and education must complete the training and education as soon as possible after July 1, 2010.
  - (d) This SECTION expires January 1, 2011.









### SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Senator Kruse be added as coauthor of Senate Bill 192.

**LUBBERS** 

### SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Senator Alting be added as coauthor of Senate Bill 192.

**LUBBERS** 

#### COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Education and Career Development, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 192, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill DO PASS.

(Reference is made to Senate Bill 192 as introduced.)

LUBBERS, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 8, Nays 0.

### SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Senate Bill 192 be amended to read as follows:

Page 1, line 4, delete "if, as a result of an inspection of a school building under" and insert "if:".

Page 1, delete lines 5 through 11, begin a new line block indented and insert:

"(1) as a result of an inspection of a school building under IC 22-14-2-11 that is not an inspection to determine compliance with a legal standard for accreditation, the division of fire and building safety of the department of homeland security determines that there is a violation of a fire safety law at the school building;

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- (2) the fire safety law that the division determines has been violated at the school building incorporates a standard that:
  - (A) was not a fire safety law at the time of the construction or renovation of the school building and is being applied retroactively to the building by an employee of the division of fire and building safety; or
  - (B) previously was not applicable to the building; and
- (3) the violation is not a condition that creates an immediate safety hazard and is corrected under daily maintenance and supervision;

the school corporation shall abate the violation before the earlier of one (1) year after the violation determination or the start of the school corporation's next budget year following the violation determination.".

(Reference is to SB 192 as printed January 19, 2007.)

LUBBERS

#### SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Senator Wyss be added as coauthor of Engrossed Senate Bill 192.

LUBBERS

#### COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Education, to which was referred Senate Bill 192, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, between the enacting clause and line 1, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 1. IC 5-2-8-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 1. (a) As used The following definitions apply in this section:

- (1) "Abuse" means:
  - (A) conduct that causes bodily injury (as defined in IC 35-41-1-4) or damage to property; or
  - (B) a threat of conduct that would cause bodily injury (as

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defined in IC 35-41-1-4) or damage to property.

- (2) "County law enforcement agency" includes:
  - (A) university police officers appointed under IC 20-12-3.5; and
  - (B) school corporation police officers appointed under IC 20-26-16.
- (b) There is established in each county a county law enforcement continuing education program. The program is funded by amounts appropriated under IC 33-37-8-6.
- (c) A county law enforcement agency receiving amounts based upon claims for law enforcement continuing education funds under IC 33-37-8-4 or IC 33-37-8-6 shall deposit each fee collected into the county law enforcement continuing education fund.
- (d) Distribution of money in the county law enforcement continuing education fund shall be made to a county law enforcement agency without the necessity of first obtaining an appropriation from the county fiscal body.
- (e) Money in excess of one hundred dollars (\$100) that is unencumbered and remains in a county law enforcement continuing education fund for at least one (1) entire calendar year from the date of its deposit shall, at the end of a county's fiscal year, be deposited by the county auditor in the law enforcement training fund established under IC 5-2-1-13(b).
- (f) To make a claim under IC 33-37-8-6, a law enforcement agency shall submit to the fiscal body a verified statement of cause numbers for fees collected that are attributable to the law enforcement efforts of that agency.
- (g) A law enforcement agency shall submit a claim for fees under this section in the same county fiscal year in which the fees are collected under IC 33-37-4.
- (h) A county law enforcement agency program shall provide to each law enforcement officer employed by the county and may provide to each law enforcement officer employed by a city or town law enforcement agency within the county continuing education concerning the following:
  - (1) Duties of a law enforcement officer in enforcing restraining orders, protective orders, temporary injunctions, and permanent injunctions involving abuse.
  - (2) Guidelines for making felony and misdemeanor arrests in cases involving abuse.
  - (3) Techniques for handling incidents of abuse that:
    - (A) minimize the likelihood of injury to the law enforcement



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officer; and

- (B) promote the safety of a victim.
- (4) Information about the nature and extent of abuse.
- (5) Information about the legal rights of and remedies available to victims of abuse.
- (6) How to document and collect evidence in an abuse case.
- (7) The legal consequences of abuse.
- (8) The impact on children of law enforcement intervention in abuse cases.
- (9) Services and facilities available to victims of abuse and abusers.
- (10) Verification of restraining orders, protective orders, temporary injunctions, and permanent injunctions.
- (11) Policies concerning arrest or release of suspects in abuse cases.
- (12) Emergency assistance to victims of abuse and criminal justice options for victims of abuse.
- (13) Landlord-tenant concerns in abuse cases.
- (14) The taking of an abused child into protective custody.
- (15) Assessment of a situation in which a child may be seriously endangered if the child is left in the child's home.
- (16) Assessment of a situation involving an endangered adult (as defined in IC 12-10-3-2).
- (17) Response to a sudden, unexpected infant death.
- (i) A county law enforcement agency may enter into an agreement with other law enforcement agencies to provide the continuing education required by this section and section 2(f) of this chapter.

SECTION 2. IC 5-2-8-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 2. (a) As used The following definitions apply in this section:

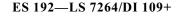
- (1) "Abuse" has the meaning set forth in section 1(a) of this chapter.
- (2) "City or town law enforcement agency" includes:
  - (A) university police officers appointed under IC 20-12-3.5; and
  - (B) school corporation police officers appointed under IC 20-26-16.
- (b) There is established in each city and in each town with a city or town court a local law enforcement continuing education program. The program is funded by amounts appropriated under IC 33-37-8-4 and fees collected under IC 9-29-4-2, IC 9-29-11-1, and IC 35-47-2-3.
  - (c) A city or town law enforcement agency receiving amounts based













upon claims for law enforcement continuing education funds under IC 33-37-8-4 or IC 33-37-8-6 shall deposit each fee collected into the local law enforcement continuing education fund.

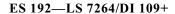
- (d) Distribution of money in a local law enforcement continuing education fund shall be made to a city or town law enforcement agency without the necessity of first obtaining an appropriation from the fiscal body of the city or town.
- (e) To make a claim under IC 33-37-8-4, a law enforcement agency shall submit to the fiscal body a verified statement of cause numbers for fees collected that are attributable to the law enforcement efforts of that agency.
- (f) A city or town law enforcement agency shall provide to each law enforcement officer employed by the city or town law enforcement agency continuing education concerning the following:
  - (1) Duties of a law enforcement officer in enforcing restraining orders, protective orders, temporary injunctions, and permanent injunctions involving abuse.
  - (2) Guidelines for making felony and misdemeanor arrests in cases involving abuse.
  - (3) Techniques for handling incidents of abuse that:
    - (A) minimize the likelihood of injury to the law enforcement officer; and
    - (B) promote the safety of a victim.
  - (4) Information about the nature and extent of abuse.
  - (5) Information about the legal rights of and remedies available to victims of abuse.
  - (6) How to document and collect evidence in an abuse case.
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  - (13) Landlord-tenant concerns in abuse cases.
  - (14) The taking of an abused child into protective custody.
  - (15) Assessment of a situation in which the child may be seriously endangered if the child is left in the child's home.













- (16) Assessment of a situation involving an endangered adult (as defined in IC 12-10-3-2).
- (17) Response to a sudden, unexpected infant death.
- (g) A city or town law enforcement agency may enter into an agreement with other county, city, or town law enforcement agencies to provide the continuing education required by this section and section 1(h) of this chapter.

SECTION 3. IC 5-10-10-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.43-2006, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "public safety officer" means any of the following:

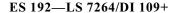
- (1) A state police officer.
- (2) A county sheriff.
- (3) A county police officer.
- (4) A correctional officer.
- (5) An excise police officer.
- (6) A county police reserve officer.
- (7) A city police reserve officer.
- (8) A conservation enforcement officer.
- (9) A town marshal.
- (10) A deputy town marshal.
- (11) A probation officer.
- (12) A state university, college, or junior college police officer appointed under IC 20-12-3.5.
- (13) A police officer whose employer purchases coverage under section 4.5 of this chapter.
- (14) An emergency medical services provider (as defined in IC 16-41-10-1) who is:
  - (A) employed by a political subdivision (as defined in IC 36-1-2-13); and
  - (B) not eligible for a special death benefit under IC 36-8-6-20, IC 36-8-7-26, IC 36-8-7.5-22, or IC 36-8-8-20.
- (15) A firefighter who is employed by the fire department of a state university.
- (16) A firefighter whose employer purchases coverage under section 4.5 of this chapter.
- (17) A member of a consolidated law enforcement department established under IC 36-3-1-5.1.
- (18) A gaming agent of the Indiana gaming commission.
- (19) A person who is:
  - (A) employed by a political subdivision (as defined in IC 36-1-2-13); and

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- (B) appointed as a special deputy under IC 36-8-10-10.6.
- (20) A school corporation police officer appointed under IC 20-26-16.

SECTION 4. IC 20-25-4-22 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: **Sec. 22. The governing body of a school city may establish a police department under IC 20-26-16.**".

Page 2, between lines 10 and 11, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 5. IC 20-26-16 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]:

**Chapter 16. School Corporation Police Departments** 

- Sec. 1. This chapter applies to a school corporation, including a school city (as defined in IC 20-25-2-12).
- Sec. 2. The governing body of a school corporation may establish a school corporation police department under this chapter.
- Sec. 3. The governing body of a school corporation may do the following for the school corporation police department:
  - (1) Appoint school corporation police officers.
  - (2) Prescribe the duties and direct the conduct of school corporation police officers.
  - (3) Prescribe distinctive uniforms.
  - (4) Provide emergency vehicles.
- Sec. 4. An individual appointed as a school corporation police officer must successfully complete at least:
  - (1) the pre-basic training course established under IC 5-2-1-9(f); and
  - (2) the minimum basic training and educational requirements adopted by the law enforcement training board under IC 5-2-1-9 as necessary for employment as a law enforcement officer.
- Sec. 5. (a) Notwithstanding section 4 of this chapter and IC 5-2-1-9, an individual appointed as a school corporation police officer before July 1, 2007, must complete, not later than July 1, 2010, at least:
  - (1) the pre-basic training course established under IC 5-2-1-9(f); and
  - (2) the minimum basic training and educational requirements adopted by the law enforcement training board under IC 5-2-1-9 as necessary for employment as a law enforcement officer.

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- (b) As set forth in IC 5-2-1-9, an individual appointed as a school corporation police officer may not:
  - (1) make an arrest;
  - (2) conduct a search or a seizure of a person or property; or
  - (3) carry a firearm;

unless the school corporation police officer successfully completes a pre-basic training course under IC 5-2-1-9(f).

Sec. 6. (a) A school corporation police officer appointed under this chapter:

- (1) is a law enforcement officer (as defined in IC 5-2-1-2(1));
- (2) must take an appropriate oath of office in a form and manner prescribed by the governing body;
- (3) serves at the governing body's pleasure; and
- (4) performs the duties that the governing body assigns.
- (b) A school corporation police officer has general police powers, including the power to arrest, without process, all persons who within the view of the school corporation police officer commit any offense. School corporation police officers have the same common law and statutory powers, privileges, and immunities as sheriffs and constables.
- (c) A school corporation police officer may serve civil process only to the extent authorized by the governing board. The governing board, in collaboration with local law enforcement, shall establish the powers of the school corporation police officer.
- Sec. 7. A school corporation police department established before July 1, 2007, shall be considered, after June 30, 2007, a school corporation police department established under this chapter.".

Page 2, after line 23, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 6. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007] (a) An individual appointed as a school corporation police officer before January 1, 2007, must begin the training and education required under IC 20-26-16-5, as added by this act, not later than January 1, 2008. However, an individual who is unable to begin the training and education not later than January 1, 2008, due to the existence of a waiting list for the training and education must begin the training and education as soon as possible after January 1, 2008.

(b) An individual appointed as a school corporation police officer after December 31, 2006, and before July 1, 2007, must begin the training and education required under IC 20-26-16-5, as added by this act, not later than one (1) year after the individual's appointment. However, an individual who is unable to begin the

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training and education within one (1) year after the individual's appointment due to the existence of a waiting list for the training and education must begin the training and education as soon as possible after the expiration of the one (1) year period.

- (c) Notwithstanding IC 20-26-16-5, as added by this act, an individual appointed as a school corporation police officer before July 1, 2007, who is unable to complete the training and education required under IC 20-26-16-5, as added by this act, not later than July 1, 2010, due to the existence of a waiting list for the training and education must complete the training and education as soon as possible after July 1, 2010.
  - (d) This SECTION expires January 1, 2011.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 192 as reprinted January 24, 2007.)

PORTER, Chair

Committee Vote: yeas 10, nays 0.

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